# T.C. ISTANBUL ESENYURT UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF ARTS AND SOCIAL SCIENCES SOCIOLOGY DEPARTMENT 2022-2023 ACADEMIC YEAR COURSE CONTENT

### 1st YEAR

# 1st SEMESTER (FALL)

# 2110G1001 GENERAL PSYCHOLOGY I (3-0-3-5) C

Definition of psychology, basic subjects, concepts, interests, historical development, basic sociological approaches, research methods, sensation and perception, consciousness, learning, motivation

# 2111G1003 INTRODUCTION TO PHILOSOPHY (3-0-3-6) C

Characteristics of philosophical thought, accompanied by examples of texts from the heritage of philosophy; different approaches to philosophy; Investigations on the disciplines, basic concepts and problems of philosophy.

### 2111G1001 INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY I (3-0-3-5) C

Definition of sociology, subject, scope, basic principles and features, basic concepts, methods and research techniques, study areas, relationship with other sciences, conditions of emergence of sociology in the world (antiquity, medieval, new age, modern age), theoretical in the emergence of sociology in the 19th century approaches (Saint-Simon, Auguste Comte, Karl Marx, Herbert Spencer, Emile Durkheim, Max Weber, Ferdinand Tönnies, George Simmel), sociology output conditions occur in Turkey, the first Turkish sociologists and sociological understanding (Prince Sabahattin, Ziya Gokalp), social structure and social relations, values and norms, anomy and deviation, socialization, social groups, stratification and social mobility, social institutions, culture, social change.

# 2111G1002 SOCIOLOGY OF SMALL GROUPS (2-0-2-3) C

The history of small groups studies, the effect of industrial sociology on the subject (Taylorism, Fordism), the differences between general sociology and small groups sociology, general objectives of small groups sociology, Georges Gurvitch's subject, social group definitions, forms of social groups, structure, quality and functions, Simmel's handling of the subject, theories about group formation, Jakob Levy Moreno and sociometry, group goals, ideology, norms and values, leadership in social groups, social group types, crowd psychology, public opinion and propaganda.

# 2075G1004 TECHNOLOGY ADDICTION (1-0-1-2) C

Addiction, technology addiction and its causes, prevention of technology addiction Technology addiction in Turkey and in the world, Social Media Addiction and other types of technological addiction

# 2111G1007 INTRODUCTION TO ANTHROPOLOGY (2-0-2-5) C

Definition of anthropology, its subject, basic concepts, branches, history, the relationship of anthropology with culture, nature, ethnography, social layers, kinship systems, race, gender, marriage, gender and religion, introduction of the subject with examples from human groups in the world.

# 2075G1002 TURKISH I (2-0-2-2) C

Languages of the world, historical periods of Turkish, phonetic and structural features.

# 2075G1005 FOREIGN LANGUAGE I (2-0-2-2) C

Academic and professional writing studies, basic reading, writing, listening exercises in various forms such as press releases and media correspondence.

# 2nd SEMESTER (SPRING)

# 2110B1001 General Psychology II (3-0-3-5) C

Human development, personality, physical, cognitive, social, moral development and personality theories, intelligence and measurement, emotion, stress, health and health psychology, psychological disorders and treatment methods, social psychology.

# 2111B1001 INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY II (3-0-3-7) C

The content of this course focuses on sociological issues such as economy, gender, rural societies, religion and society, nation, race, ethnicity and society, research in sociology.

# 2111B1003 INTRODUCTION TO PHILOSOPHY II (2-0-2-7) C

Basic concepts of philosophy; philosophy, knowledge, value, existence, etc. Basic problems of philosophy and philosophical approaches. Philosophy-existence relationship, theory of knowledge, theory of value. The relationship between life and philosophy, the problem of the meaning of life.

# 2075B1005 OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY (2-0-2-3) C

Teaching the basic occupational safety concepts, hazard and risk concepts, recognizing the risk factors, improving the sensitivity to the concept of danger, occupational safety

It is a course that aims to create a culture of work, examine the causes of occupational accidents and teach preventive actions to reduce them.

# 2075B1010 ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND CAREER PLANNING (2-0-2-4) C

The course, which starts with the handling of entrepreneurship in economics literature and a short history, covers the process of turning a business idea into a successful business from start to finish. Fundamentals of entrepreneurship; definitions of entrepreneur and entrepreneurship, history of entrepreneurship; characteristics of the entrepreneur; types of entrepreneurship; Characteristics of the entrepreneur, the importance of creativity and innovation for entrepreneurship; business idea generation process; the process of turning the business idea into a successful business; capital supply and alternatives for entrepreneurship; business model; business plan preparation.

# 2075B1002 TURKISH LANGUAGE II (2-0-2-2) C

Languages of the world, historical periods of Turkish, phonetic and structural features.

# 2075B1006 FOREIGN LANGUAGE II (2-0-2-2) C

Academic and professional writing studies, basic reading, writing, listening exercises in various forms such as press releases and media correspondence.

# 2nd Year

# 3rd SEMESTER (FALL)

# 2111G2002 ECONOMIC SOCIOLOGY (3-0-3-6) C

Definition of economy, basic concepts, foundations, relations with society, birth, laws, relations with politics, relations with world domination relations, main economic trends, mercantilism, physiocracy, birth of classical economic thought, liberalism, neo-classical and socialist economic theories, globalization and economic sizes.

# 2111G2001 HISTORY OF SOCIOLOGY (3-0-3-6) C

Pre-sociological social thought (Aristotle, Augustine, Ibn Khaldun, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau), the precursors of sociology (Vico, Montesquieu), the first sociologists (Comte, Marx, Tocqueville, Durkheim, Pareto, Weber), modern sociology (Simmel, Mead)

# 2110G2001 SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY I (3-0-3-5) C

Definition, subject, history, methods of social psychology, cognition, social perception, self, conformity and social influence, cognitive dissonance and its consequences, attitude and attitude change.

# 2111G2003 HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY I (3-0-3-6) C

The birth of philosophy in this course; Ancient Philosophy (Ancient Greek Philosophy, Hellenistic-Roman Philosophy) and Medieval Philosophy (Patristic Philosophy, Scholastic Philosophy) are discussed with their main moments, figures and discussions.

# 2111G2008 SOCIAL STRUCTURE OF TURKEY (2-0-2-5) C

The concept of social structure, theories, westernization of the Ottoman Empire and social change, Atatürk's revolutions: Political, legal and cultural revolutions, change and transformation of basic institutions such as politics, economy, religion, family, education in Turkey, Westernization and social structure discussions in Turkish sociology, the second debates on social structure during and after the world war, socialism in the 1960s, Ottoman and structure debates, underdevelopment and development models, problems of Turkish society and identity debates

# 2075G1001 PRINCIPLES OF ATATÜRK AND HISTORY OF REVOLUTION I (2-0-2-2) C

Events, ideas and principles in the birth and development of modern Turkey

# 4th SEMESTER (SPRING)

# 2111B2001 POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY (3-0-3-6) C

Definition, scope, basic concepts of political sociology, state, its birth, origins, history in East and West, politics-power and state, nation-state, anarchism and state problem, civil society in Western thought

# 2111B2004 SOCIAL STRATIFICATION (3-0-3-6) C

The importance of the subject, basic concepts and forms of stratification, Marxist, Weberian and functionalist theories of stratification, stratification in contemporary European sociology, stratification and social mobility, globalization and stratification, stratification discussions in Turkey.

### 2110B2001 SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY II (3-0-3-5) C

Aggression, altruistic behavior, group dynamics, prejudice and discrimination, leadership, interpersonal and group dynamics

# 2111B2005 CONTEMPORARY ETHICAL THEORIES (3-0-3-5) C

Evaluations on the definition of ethics, its boundaries and areas of investigation; examination of contemporary ethical theories; Examination of the debates and approaches related to issues such as environment, animal rights, gender equality in contemporary ethics.

# 2111B2003 HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY II (3-0-3-6) C

In this course, Renaissance philosophy, 17th century philosophy, 18th century philosophy and 19th century philosophy are discussed with their main moments, figures and discussions.

# 2075B1001 PRINCIPLES OF ATATURK AND HISTORY OF REVOLUTION II (2-0-2-2) C

Events, ideas and principles in the birth and development of modern Turkey

# 3rd YEAR

# 5th SEMESTRE (FALL)

# 2111G3001 Social Movements (3-0-3-5) C

Traditional and new social movements, the factors that caused them, their birth, development, contributions to social structures, results, relevant theories and discussions

# SOS3002 Urban Sociology Theories (3-0-3-5) C

Cities and urbanization concepts, exit conditions and historical development of the emergence of urban social theory of urban analysis, sociology approach to the city, urban theory, urban sociology studies in Turkey, the problems in the search for solutions that emerge in today's cities, the approach to the problems said the city research, slum, urban renewal and global cities.

# **DEPARMENTAL ELECTIVE I**

# 2111G3012 Contemporary Sociology Theories (3-0-3-5) E

Traces of 19th century sociology, structuralism and functionalism, early American sociology, Chicago School, Frankfurt School, Annales School, Parsons and Merton, Theories of Modernization, Wright Mills, Immanuel Wallerstein, Modernism, Postmodernism, Ulrich Beck, Michel Foucault.

### 2111G3013 Classical Logic I (3-0-3-5) E

Historical development of logic, the concept of logic, pure and formal logic, reasoning, validity, types of reasoning, principles of logic, concepts (terms) logic, term, concept types, genus, species and discrimination, intervention and coating, five tumors, definition.

### 2111G3015 VISUAL SOCIOLOGY (3-0-3-5) E

Basic concepts and social contexts of visual sociology. Development and methodology of visual sociology, Evaluation of sociocultural themes behind visual texts and making inferences about daily life, Reading and discussing visual texts

### 2111G3014 CONTEMPORARY FRENCH THOUGHT (3-0-3-5) E

Contemporary French thought and development, basic problems, approaches and perspectives in Contemporary French thought are discussed with examples from the texts of contemporary French thinkers.

# **COMPETENCE ELECTIVE I**

# 2110G3004 Sensation and Perception Psychology (3-0-3-5) E

Basic concepts in the field of sensation and perception, perception and sensory types, sensation and sensory organs, object, color and movement perception and speech perception, sensory anomalies, perceptual defects and errors

# 21110G3009 LEARNING PSYCHOLOGY (3-0-3-5) E

This course examines the principles of learning. Theoretical and practical aspects of habituation, sensitization, classical conditioning, operant conditioning and their practical implications are emphasized.

# 2111G3008 SOCIOLOGY OF CULTURE (3-0-3-5) E

The concept of culture, its definitions, its usage, the boundaries of cultural sociology, the history of cultural studies, holistic, philosophical anthropology, cultural elements and hermeneutic theories, postcolonialism, subalternity and culture, culture industry.

# 2110G3009 TEXT ANALYSIS I (3-0-3-5) E

Analyzing and interpreting classical and modern philosophical texts, analyzing and interpreting modern and contemporary philosophical texts. In this way, to learn how the tradition of philosophy sprouted from the past to the present and the current debates.

# 2111G3016 Philosophy of Science (3-0-3-5) - E

The aim of this course is to comprehend what kind of activity science is and to discuss ideas about what the scientific method is like. To understand the basic structure of science and philosophical problems. To comprehend contemporary problems.

# 6th SEMESTRE (SPRING)

# 2111B3001 Sociology Family And Gender (3-0-3-5) C

Within the framework of historical approach and intercultural differences; family structures, types of marriage, gender roles, ownership, status and identity, cultural and economic factors affecting family structures and processes, age, gender, family division of labor, love, mating stages, parenting, single parenting, adoption, feeding, male child / daughter roles, violence, divorce and death after marriage, dealing with the subject (functionalism, feminism, new right, new left and critical perspectives), power, authority, justice, equality, democracy, political representation, participation, human rights Comparative and critical analysis of various countries in terms of women in the historical framework in institutions such as central and local governments, political parties, trade unions and employers' unions.

### 2111B3002 Research Methods in Social Sciences (3-0-3-5) C

Research process (problem determination, data collection, data analysis and interpretation of results), main scientific research methods (experimental method, description method, historical method etc.), field research in social sciences, data collection, data evaluation and report writing techniques.

# **DEPARMENTAL ELECTIVE II**

# 2111B3015 Rural Sociology (3-0-3-5) E

The importance of the issue, the relationship between sociology, introduction of literature on the subject, the emergence of rural sociology, village definitions and classifications, villages debate in the West and Turkey, the modern village sociology studies and debates.

# 2111B3013 CONTEMPORARY THEORIES OF PHILOSOPHY (3-0-3-5) E

What is contemporary philosophy? The main problems, approaches and perspectives in contemporary philosophy are discussed with examples from the texts of contemporary philosophers.

# 2111B3016 Classical Logic II (3-0-3-5) E

Propositions logic, definition, structure, types, relationships, inference logic, comparison, inference types, direct inferences, indirect inferences, validation

# 2111B3014 SOCIOLOGY OF EVERYDAY LIFE (3-0-3-5) E

Limiting the search for solutions on the basis of daily life, instant relationships to personal solutions instead of community solutions, and the problems it brings.

# **COMPETENCE ELECTIVE II**

# 2111B3017 Sociology of Art (3-0-3-5) E

Art, social identity and art relation as the subject of sociology, examples in terms of the relationship between art and sociology from the history of East and West: examples of novel, music, painting, current sociology discussions and the relationship of art.

# 2111B3021 Communication and Society (3-0-3-5) E

Communication concepts and definitions, relationship with sociology, communication systems in history and today, functions of communication, models, mass communication, mass communication theories: authoritarian, liberal, socialist and social responsibility theories, mass accumulation and chaos of knowledge.

# 2111B3019 TEXT ANALYSIS IN PHILOSOPHY II (3-0-3-5) E

The solution, general features and functions of sociology texts are taught to the students.

# 2111B3018 TECHNOLOGY PHILOSOPHY (3-0-3-5) E

Plato, Aristotle, Roger Bacon, Jean-Jacques Rousseau, Martin Heidegger, Walter Benjamin, Günther Anders, Jacques Derrida, Bernard Stiegler gibi yazarlardan hareketle teknolojinin felsefesi olarak nasıl ele alındığı incelenmektedir.

### 2111B3020 HISTORY OF SCIENCE (3-0-3-5) E

The aim of this course is to understand the historical development of science and to explain the great scientists who shaped the history of thought. It is an elective subject in field knowledge and is important for professional development as it is a course that deals with the development, subject, problem and concepts of the history of science.

### 4th Year

# 7<sup>th</sup> SEMESTER (FALL)

# **DEPARTMENT ELECTIVE III**

# 2111G4002 LAW AND SOCIOLOGY OF CRIME (3-0-3-5) E

The relationship between the disciplines of law and sociology, the relationship between law and sociology in Turkey, definitions of law, crime and sanction in law, the distinction between private law and public law, the reasons for the emergence of law schools, natural law, historical law and Marxist law schools, distinctions within positive law, the ways in which law makes itself felt in social life; courts, prisons, sanctions and punishment, differentiations between societies and various legal systems, the form of changes and problems in Turkish law today.

# 2111G4005 EDUCATIONAL SOCIOLOGY (3-0-3-5) E

Basic concepts of education, sociology's handling of the subject, the relationship of education with economy, politics, religion and law, the effects of culture and social structure on education, critical theories, school as a social institution; the education system and the social structural characteristics of the school; the social organization of the school, its functions and main actors; patterns of authority in education; equality/inequalities of opportunity in education; inequalities in line with living space and social categories (class, race, religion, language, ethnicity, gender, etc.) and the individual and social consequences of these inequalities; the role of the education system and schools in the reproduction of existing social, political and economic relations and inequalities.

# 2111G4004 YOUTH SOCIOLOGY (3-0-3-5) E

Youth definitions; comparison of the concept of youth in historical process and cultural structures; youth in contemporary society; sociological theories about youth; Youth problems in Turkey and Western countries.

# 2111G4010 MODERN LOGIC I (3-0-3-5) E

What is symbolic/modern logic? Propositional logic, propositional joints and logic invariants, truth value analysis. Quantification logic and its basic concepts, principles of quantization logic and transformation.

# 2122G4016 SOCIOLOGY OF EMOTION (3-0-3-5) E

What are the social origins of emotions? How emotions and reactions to emotions take place from society to society, from culture to culture. This course includes theoretical approaches to this type of emotion, culture and social norms.

# **FACULTY ELECTIVE III**

Social change, its definition, conditions, factors, change in classical sociology, change in contemporary sociology, social change in social sciences in Turkey, Population Dynamics, Migration, Urbanization, economic changes, religion, values and change

# 2111G4008 SOCIOLOGY OF HEALTH (3-0-3-6) E

Development of health sociology; Definition of health and disease concepts, Social Construction of Medical Knowledge: medicalization of society, medical discourse and social control, Sociologically the body; body and health, Theoretical foundations of health sociology, Illness and disease status, Social organization of medical power, Gender and health, Health within the framework of race/ethnicity and social class concepts, Health and development, health policies, international comparisons, Social Security and Health System, The Right to Health and social movements

# 2111G4009 SOCIOLOGY OF AGED (3-0-3-6) E

Basic concepts of the sociology of aging, Biological, psychological and social causes and consequences of being old, Theories of aging, Aging policies and social state, Appearance and visibility of old age, Economic and political situation of old age, Living arrangements of the elderly population, Successful old age and quality of life, Age discrimination and abuse, Status of the elderly population in Turkey, aging studies in Turkey and in the world

# 2111G4007 PHILOSOPHY OF CINEMA (3-0-3-6) E

Examination of movies with philosophical content. Examination of major topics in philosophy through related films. Selected films from directors such as Ingmar Bergman, Mihalis Kakoyannis, Andrei Tarkovsky, Stanley Kubrick, Hal Ashby, Federico Fellini, Woody Allen, Louis Malle, Wim Wenders, Lars von Trier and Raoul Peck. Establishing a relationship with the thoughts and theories of philosophers such as Plato, Epicurus, Augustine, Anselmus, Aquinas, Descartes, Leibniz, Hume, Kant, Nietzsche, Marx and Sartre.

# 2111G3015 SOCIAL ANTHROPOLOGY (3-0-3-6) E

Scope and development of anthropology as a discipline: basic themes, universalism, holism, integrationism, adaptation and cultural relativism; the basis of the four sub-disciplinary approaches in anthropology and the distinction between social and cultural anthropology; biological evolution, culture: the reason for the difficulty in defining the concept of culture; basic components of culture; differences between epic and ethical interpretations of culture; cultural processes and anthropological theories.

# UNIVERSITY ELECTIVE I

# 21G4Ü001 SOCIOLOGY OF KNOWLEDGE (3-0-3-4) E

Subject, field and definition of sociology of knowledge, pioneers (enlightenment thinkers), successors (Saint-Simon, A. Comte, K. Marx, M. Weber, K. Mannheim), features of modern Western knowledge, the relationship between natural sciences and social science methods, scientific revolution and the birth of modern sciences, the development of modern science method

and Western expansion, today's scientific debates and method change, the role of modern school system and mass-media in terms of spreading Western knowledge, positivism debates, hermeneutics and new possibilities of knowledge, information society and information age, information In terms of sociology of sociology, social media, information processes in informatics society, postmodern information discussions, the need to overcome today's method discussions on behalf of Turkish sociology.

# 21G4Ü002 ENVIRONMENTAL SOCIOLOGY (3-0-3-4) E

Environmental sociology examines various environmental issues, struggles and oppositions at all levels, from the local to the global, from a sociological perspective. Discusses the historical and social (economic, political and cultural) foundations of current environmental problems and the social/political struggles arising around these problems from a critical perspective.

# 21G4Ü003 MUSIC AND PHILOSOPHY (3-0-3-4) E

Basic concepts and discussions in the field of music with a philosophical view; The evaluations of philosophers such as Plato, Rousseau, Hegel, Schopenhauer, Nietzsche, Adorno about music

# 8th SEMESTER (SPRING)

### 2111B4001 GRADUATION PROJECT II (0-2-1-10) C

The realization of a project in line with the preliminary report prepared by the students in the "Graduation Project I" course, the preparation of the project report, its written and oral presentation and defense.

# **DEPARTMENT ELECTIVE IV**

# 2111B4004 HERMENEOTIC (3-0-3-5) S

Production of communication and culture, digitization of communication and culture, conflicting views of technology: optimists, pessimists, cultural industries, new media, new digital age, new media culture; new media spectacle, diagnostic critique of cultural studies, development of digital technologies, cross-cultural transitions, media philosophy, restructuring of human identity and body, cyborg theory, cyber-feminism, webcams, chat rooms, internet mailing lists

# 2111B4002 SOCIOLOGY OF MIGRATION (3-0-3-5) S

Basic concepts of the sociology of migration, its history, geographical borders in terms of sociology, the effects of geographical borders on culture and identity, asylum and refugee, legal approach to borders and border policies of states, political borders and cultural identity, international organizations and border.

# 2111B4010 MODERN LOGIC II (3-0-3-5)

What is symbolic/modern logic? Propositional logic, propositional joints and logic invariants, truth value analysis. Quantification logic and its basic concepts, principles of quantization logic and transformation.

# 2111B4011 INDUSTRIAL SOCIOLOGY (3-0-3-5)

In the content of this course, the emergence, subject, scope, definition and characteristics of industrial sociology, pre-industrial societies, production activities in the pre-industrial period, the conditions that prepared the industrial revolution, industrial revolution and social change, Taylorism and Fordism in terms of industrial sociology, post-fordism in terms of industrial sociology. – flexible production, globalization and industrial society, change in working practices in the post-industrial society (Total Quality Management), corporate culture, leadership, teamwork in terms of industrial sociology.

# FACULTY ELECTIVE IV

# 2111B4009 BODY SOCIOLOGY (3-0-3-6) E

Examining the body as a cultural phenomenon with the dimensions of identity, health, illness, disability and gender and associating them with power.

# 2111B4006 SOCIOLOGY OF RELIGION (3-0-3-6) E

To examine the emergence of the Sociology of Religion and its process of becoming an independent discipline, to analyze the problem of definition of religion by social theorists and sociologists in the classical and modern period, and the major classical and contemporary problems of the field.

# 2111B4008 CONTEMPORARY TURKISH THOUGHT (3-0-3-6) E

The stages of development of Modern Turkish Thought from the Empire to the Republic, and the intellectual movements that made it possible, in the axis of contemporary Ottoman military and political history, will be discussed from a comparative perspective with Western modernization, which greatly influenced this transformation.

# 2111B4013 HISTORY OF SOCIAL THINKING (3-0-3-6) E

Evaluates the social thought that corresponds to the forms of production from the primitive societies to the present day, in the light of the thinkers of the period.

# **UNIVERSITY ELECTIVE II**

# 21B4Ü001 CRITICAL DISCOURSE ANALYSIS (3-0-3-4) E

The content of this course; The concept of news, news-reality relationship, media and news within the framework of theories, discourse analysis and analyzing the news with its quantitative/qualitative dimensions.

# 21B4Ü002 GENDER (3-0-3-4) E

Within the framework of historical approach and intercultural differences; family structures, marriage types, gender roles, ownership, status and identity, cultural and economic factors affecting family structures and processes, age, gender, family division of labor, love, mating stages, parenthood, single parenthood, adoption, nutrition, son/girl roles, violence, divorce and death after marriage, functionalism, feminism, new right, new left and critical perspectives.

# 21B4Ü003 PHILOSOPHY OF ART (3-0-3-4) E

This course; Giving information about the operation and resources of the course, the definition of art and the essence of art. Definition and basic concepts of aesthetics; Art and Truth. ,Art-Artist-Artwork and Benedetto Croce aesthetics, Plato, Aristotle, Kant, Hegel.,Aesthetic perspective: Aesthetic experience, Aesthetic pleasure, Aesthetic anxiety Aesthetic experience Aesthetic attitude, Aesthetic perception.,Creativity in Art and Aesthetic Problems,Aesthetic Factor in Visual Perception: Perception Processes, The Problem of Origin of Art: Wilhelm Worringer, Panofsky, Art Theories in Philosophical Thinking, Form and New Formalism., Essence and Form in Art: The basic elements that make up form., Art as expression and objections., Examples of modern art as an aesthetic experience, Post Modernism and Changing Artistic Concepts; includes topics.

# 21B4Ü007 POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY (3-0-3-4) E

Definition, scope, basic concepts, state, birth, origin, history in East and West, politics-power and state, nation-state, anarchism and state problem, civil society in Western thought.

Total Credit	144
Total Course Hour	Theory: 142 Application: 4
ECTS	240

Note: In order for sociology graduate students to apply for formation education, they must have taken 16 credits of Philosophy, 16 credits of Psychology, and 8 credits of Logic, which includes teaching profession knowledge.